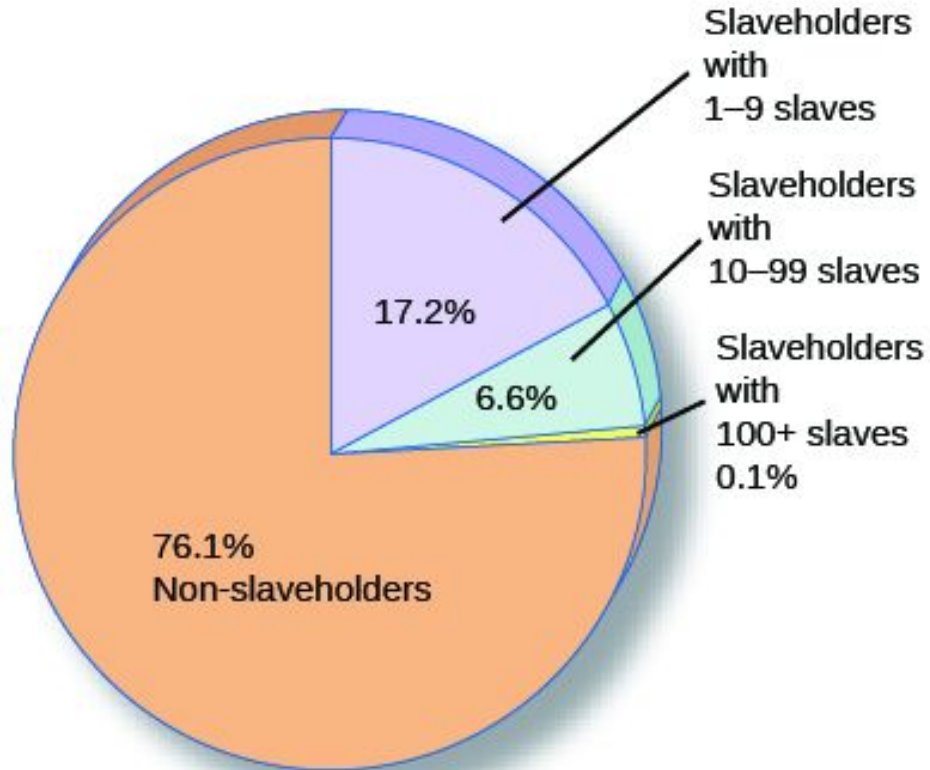


Sectionalism

White Class Structure in the South, 1860



Sectionalism



1860—This map shows the extent of railway development just prior to the Civil War. The decade 1850-1860 was a period of rapid railway expansion, characterized by the extension of many short, disjointed lines into important rail routes. This decade marked the beginning of railway development in the region west of the Mississippi River. By 1860, the "Iron Horse" had penetrated westward to the Missouri River and was beginning to make itself felt in Iowa, Arkansas, Texas, and California.





Sectionalism

Economic Differences

North – Industrialized / railroads

South – Farming / agrarian economy

Social or Cultural Differences

North – Reform movements

South – Long traditions / slavery

Political Differences

Missouri Compromise - 1820 >>>



Missouri Compromise - 1820

Slave state vs Free state

Missouri wants state to become a state

Need to balance states for political reasons

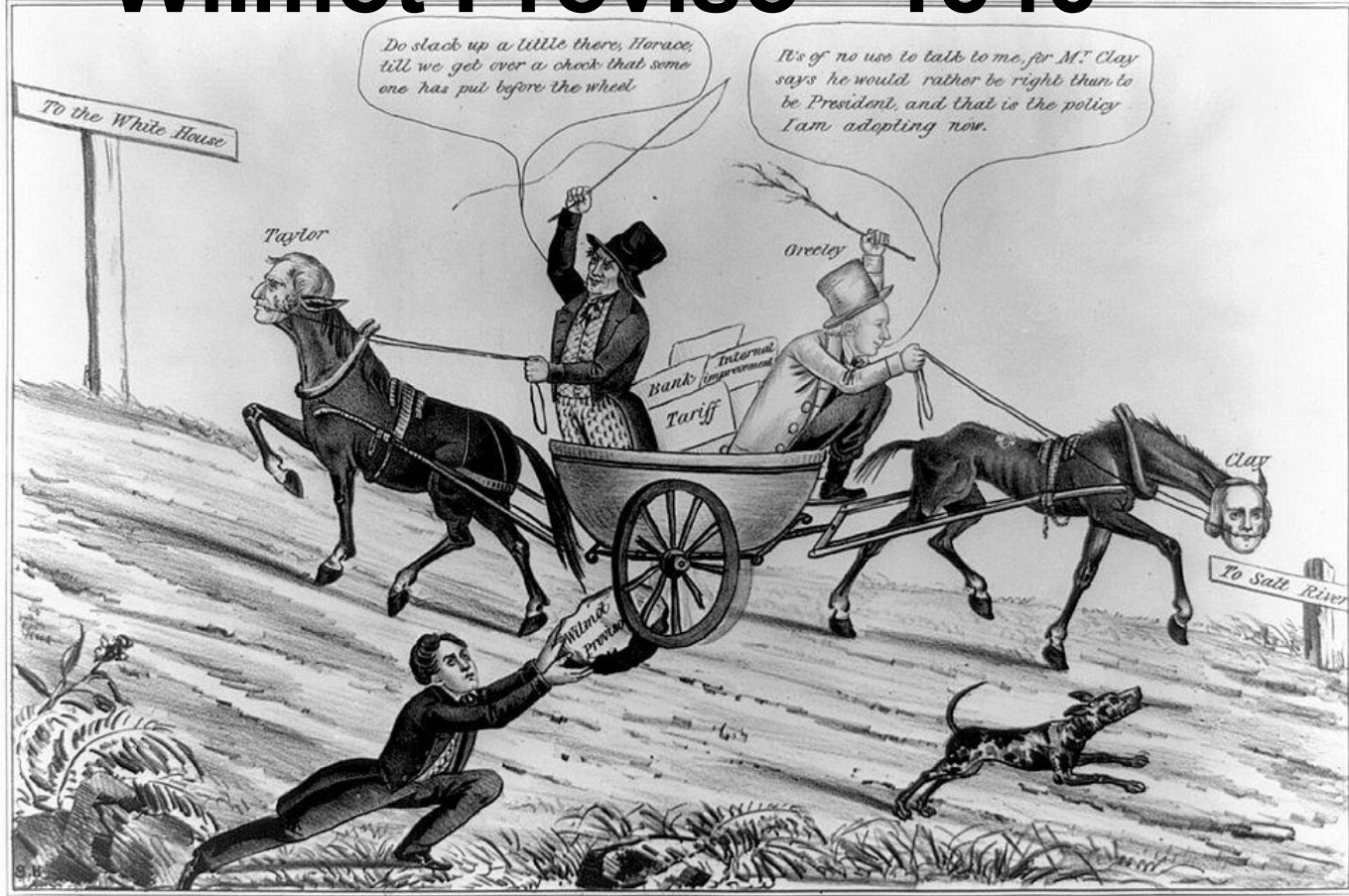
Henry Clay - Creates a compromise

Missouri - Slave state

Maine - Free state

36° 30' Parallel line - No slavery NORTH of line

Wilmot Proviso - 1846



Entered according to Act of Congress in the Year 1846, by J. Sullivan, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Southern District of New York.

WHIG HARMONY.

Published by J. Sullivan, 517 1/2 St. Nassau, 37th St. corner, New York.

18 1846 - 1847



Wilmot Proviso

1846

Congressman David Wilmot first introduced the proviso in the United States House of Representatives

Goal was to make the issue of slavery a topic in national politics. To this point it was avoided or dodged.

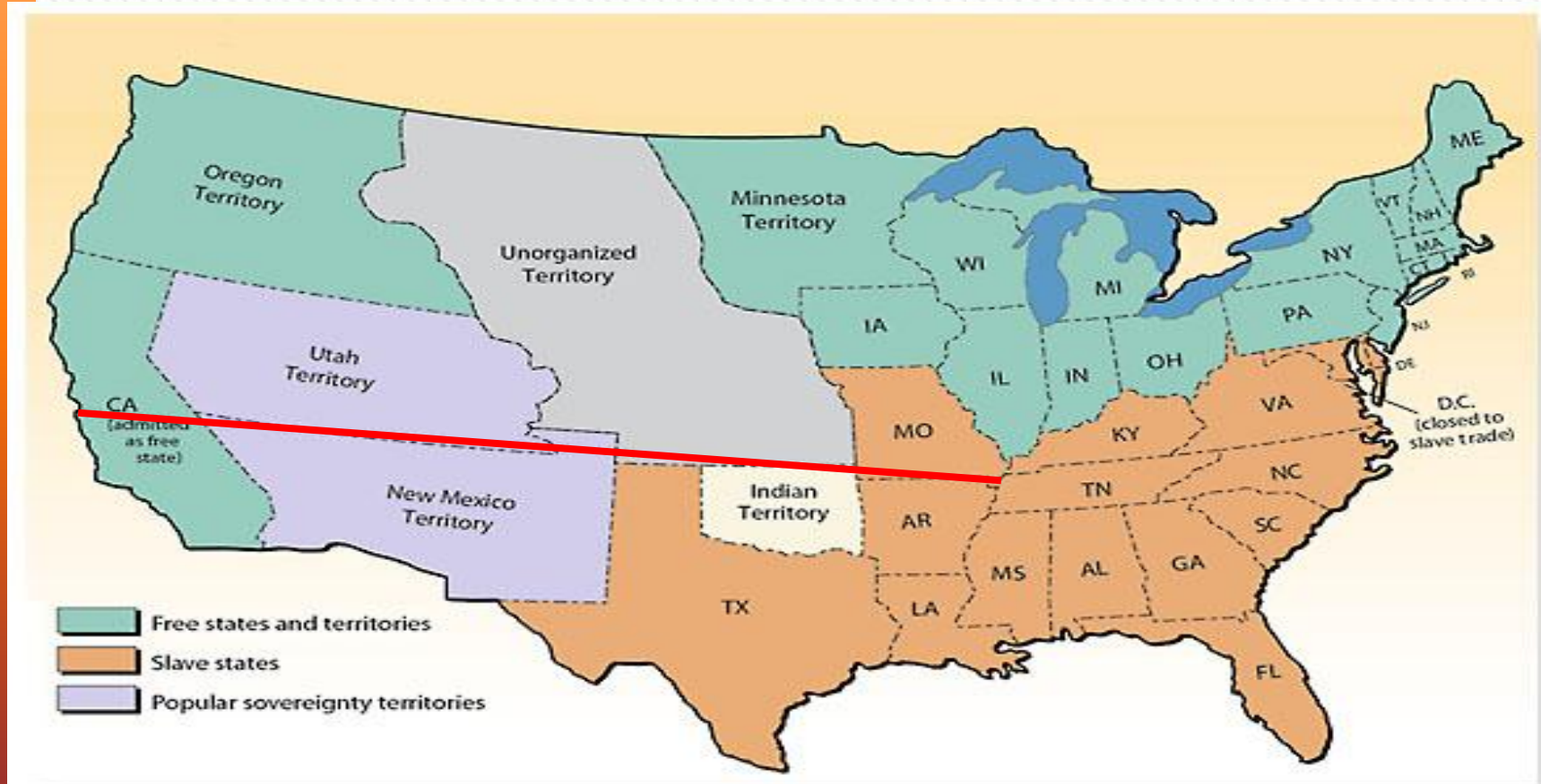
Sectionalism

Highlighted the differences between the South's and North's economy to the forefront.

Political Differences



Compromise of 1850



Compromise of 1850



Henry Clay creates another compromise:

1. **California is a FREE state**
2. **Utah & New Mexico Territory to be decided by popular sovereignty** (people there vote)
3. Texas dropped its claim to land north of the 32nd parallel north
4. **Slave trade was abolished in Washington, D.C.** (but not slavery itself)

Fugitive Slave Act



SOLOMON IN HIS PLANTATION SUIT.

Solomon Nor. Trust

CAUTION!!
COLORED PEOPLE
OF BOSTON, ONE & ALL,
You are hereby respectfully **CAUTIONED** and
advised, to avoid conversing with the
Watchmen and Police Officers
of Boston,
For since the recent **ORDER OF THE MAYOR &**
ALDERMEN, they are empowered to act as
KIDNAPPERS
AND
Slave Catchers,
And they have already been actually employed in
KIDNAPPING, CATCHING, AND KEEPING
SLAVES. Therefore, if you value your **LIBERTY,**
and the *Welfare of the Fugitives* among you, *Shun*
them in every possible manner, as so many **HOUNDS**
on the track of the most unfortunate of your race.
Keep a Sharp Look Out for
KIDNAPPERS, and have
TOP EYE open.
APRIL 24, 1851.



Fugitive Slave Act

Part of Compromise of 1850

Infuriates the North

Illegal to assist or hide runaway slaves

You must return to owner

Nicknamed the Bloodhound Law

Black men & women must carry papers

Uncle Tom's Cabin



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Uncle Tom's Cabin - 1852

Harriet Beecher Stowe

Connecticut teacher

Goal was to expose the reality of slavery

Humanity can be saved through Christianity

Inspired many to join the abolition movement

No. 1 Novel for Century.

Reaction

North – Horrified by stories

Felt they had to do something

A must read novel