Name:	Date: Hour:
GEOGRAPH' Slides 1-2	Y OF THE MIDDLE EAST
<ol> <li>Which three continents boundary</li> <li>2)</li> <li>3)</li> </ol>	
2. Why is the Middle East also called	d Southwest Asia?
Slide 3	
1)	tht be some problems people in the desert face?
Slide 4	
4. Nomad means:	
5. SKIP	
6. SKIP	
7. What types of animals do nomad	Is keep in the desert?
Slides 5-6	
8. What makes camels so well adapt	
3) 4)	

## Slide 7

10. An oasis is:	
Draw a picture of an oasis in th	ie box below.
	11. Why were oases important to the economy?
	12. SKIP
Slide 8	
13. Why are date palms importa	ant to nomads?
3)	
Slides 9-10 14. Why were people in mountain	ain settlements isolated?
15. What impact did the isolatic	on have on culture in the mountain villages?
Slides 11-12 16. Terracing means:	
Draw a picture of terracing. —	<b>→</b>
17. Why are terraces helpful to	farmers?
18. What crops are grown in the	e mountains?
19 What is arable land?	

## Slides 13-14

20.	What are coastal plains?
21.	Why are most major cities of the Middle East found on the coastal plains? (Put your answers in your own words.)
	1)
	2)
Slic	les 15-16
22.	Name some of the countries in the Middle East that have high amounts of oil. (use the map)
	1)
23.	Which body of water on the map is surrounded by the highest concentration of oil?
24.	Which region of the world <i>produces</i> the most oil?
	Production means:
25.	Which region of the world <i>consumes</i> the most oil?
	Consumption means:
26.	Which region of the world has the most oil <i>reserves</i> ?
	Reserves are:
27.	Notice that the region that <i>consumes</i> the most oil has very few oil <i>reserves</i> . What might this mean
	that region?
28.	What will happen to the cost of oil when all reserves are depleted (empty)?
29.	What can Americans do to help cut the amount of oil we use?
	1)
	2)